

# Economists In Cambridge A Study Through Their Cor

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**Artificial Economics** - Ruben Mercado  
2021-11-04  
An introductory overview of the methods, models and interdisciplinary links of artificial

economics. Addresses the differences between the assumptions and methods of artificial economics and those of mainstream economics. This is one of the first books to fully address, in

an intuitive and conceptual form, this new way of doing economics.

### **The Palgrave Companion to Cambridge**

**Economics** - Robert A. Cord 2017-02-20

Cambridge University has and continues to be one of the most important centres for economics. With nine chapters on themes in Cambridge economics and over 40 chapters on the lives and work of Cambridge economists, this volume shows how economics became established at the university, how it produced some of the world's best-known economists, including John Maynard Keynes and Alfred Marshall, plus Nobel Prize winners, such as Richard Stone and James Mirrlees, and how it remains a global force for the very best in teaching and research in economics. With original contributions from a stellar cast, this volume provides economists - especially those interested in macroeconomics and the history of economic thought - with the first in-depth analysis of Cambridge economics. *Open Regional Labour Market and Socio-*

*Economic Development. Studies on Adjustment and Spatial Interaction* - Simonetta Longhi 2005

### **Staff Studies for the World Economic**

**Outlook** - International Monetary Fund

1986-01-01

This paper reviews recent analytical and empirical research on the determination of employment, to provide a framework for evaluating the merits of alternative policies to cope with unemployment. Particular emphasis is placed on the mechanisms of employment and wage determination described in recent studies. The lack of any systematic relationship between countries' long-run growth and employment performances reflects the fact that output per person employed (labor productivity) or, conversely, the labor intensity of production, has developed quite differently across countries. The main mechanism through which the rise in real wages has prevented greater employment gains in Europe over the past ten to fifteen years

seems to have been a substitution of capital for labor which has lowered the labor intensity of production significantly more than in the United States. There are a number of important caveats with respect to the apparent relationship between differences in employment and labor cost developments across countries.

On Political Economists and Political Economy - Professor Geoffrey Harcourt 2013-10-08

Included in this volume are papers which are recognized as some of the foundations of post-Keynesian Economics, analysing problems set in historical time and starting from 'real world' observations. The book reflects Geoff Harcourt's contribution to economic debate over more than three decades. It also includes intellectual biographies of some of the most prominent and leading unorthodox economists, such as Kenneth Boulding, Eric Russell and Lorie Tarshis.

**Economics and Development Studies** -

Michael Tribe 2010-09-13

Development studies textbooks and courses have

sometimes tended to avoid significant economic content. However, without an understanding of the economic aspects of international development many of the more complex issues cannot be fully comprehended. Economics and Development Studies makes the economic dimension of discourse around controversial issues in international development accessible to second and third year undergraduate students working towards degrees in development studies. Following an introductory chapter outlining the connections between development economics and development studies, this book consists of eight substantive chapters dealing with the nature of development economics, economic growth and structural change, economic growth and developing countries, economic growth and economic development since 1960, the global economy and the Third World, developing countries and international trade, economics and development policy, and poverty, equality and development economists,

with a tenth concluding chapter. This book synthesizes existing development economics literature in order to identify the salient issues and controversies and make them accessible and understandable. The concern is to distinguish differences within the economics profession, and between economists and non-economists, so that the reader can make informed judgments about the sources of these differences, and about their impact on policy analysis and policy advice. The book features explanatory text boxes, tables and diagrams, suggestions for further reading, and a listing of the economic concepts used in the chapters.

**Special Study on Economic Change:  
Stagflation : the causes, effects, and  
solutions** - 1980

**Handbook of Analytical Studies in Islamic  
Finance and Economics** - Zamir Iqbal

2020-08-10

This handbook offers a unique and original

collection of analytical studies in Islamic economics and finance, and constitutes a humble addition to the literature on new economic thinking and global finance. The growing risks stemming from higher debt, slower growth, and limited room for policy maneuver raise concerns about the ability and propensity of modern economies to find effective solutions to chronic problems. It is important to understand the structural roots of inherent imbalance, persistence-in-error patterns, policy and governance failures, as well as moral and ethical failures. Admittedly, finance and economics have their own failures, with abstract theory bearing little relation with the real economy, uncertainties and vicissitudes of economic life. Economic research has certainly become more empirical despite, or perhaps because of, the lack of guidance from theory. The analytics of Islamic economics and finance may not differ from standard frameworks, methods, and techniques used in conventional economics, but

may offer new perspectives on the making of financial crises, nature of credit cycles, roots of financial system instability, and determinants of income disparities. The focus is placed on the logical coherence of Islamic economics and finance, properties of Islamic capital markets, workings of Islamic banking, pricing of Islamic financial instruments, and limits of debt financing, fiscal stimulus and conventional monetary policies, inter alia. Readers with investment, regulatory, and academic interests will find the body of analytical evidence to span many areas of economic inquiry, refuting thereby the false argument that given its religious tenets, Islamic economics is intrinsically narrative, descriptive and not amenable to testable implications. Thus, the handbook may contribute toward a redefinition of a dismal science in search for an elusive balance between rationality, ethics and morality, and toward a remodeling of economies based on risk sharing and prosperity for all humanity

The Economic Journal - 1924

Contains papers that appeal to a broad and global readership in all fields of economics.

**Study of Economic History** - N.B. Harte  
2012-11-12

Published in the year 1975, Study of Economic History is a valuable contribution to the field of Military and Strategic Studies.

**Harvard Economic Studies** - 1915

**Expert Failure** - Roger Koppl 2018-02-08

Roger Koppl develops a theory of experts and expert failure, and illustrates his theory with wide-ranging examples, including that of state regulation of economic activity.

Studies in History, Economics, and Public Law -  
1908

*Cambridge IGCSE and O Level Economics Study and Revision Guide* - Paul Hoang 2017-05-08

Providing guidance that helps students practice and troubleshoot their exam technique, these

books send them into their exam with the confidence to aim for the best grades. - Enables students to avoid common misconceptions and mistakes by highlighting them throughout - Builds students' skills constructing and writing answers as they progress through a range of practice questions - Allows students to mark their own responses and easily identify areas for improvement using the answers in the back of the book - Helps students target their revision and focus on important concepts and skills with key objectives at the beginning of every chapter - Ensures that students maximise their time in the exam by including examiner's tips and suggestions on how to approach the questions This title has not been through the Cambridge International Examinations endorsement process.

[A-level Economics Challenging Learn-By-Example \(Yellowreef\)](#) - Thomas Bond 2021-01-07

- covers latest MOE syllabus
- comprehensive examples and solutions for quick revision
- helps

students to familiarise with various exam question-types • Complete edition and concise edition eBooks available

**Studies in Sociology, Economics, Politics and History** - 1809

**Chinese Economic Monthly** - 1923

*Money, Interest and Capital* - Colin Rogers  
1989-05-11

The novel feature of this study is the application of Keynes' principle of effective demand to demonstrate the existence of a long-run unemployment equilibrium without the assumption of rigid wages.

[Handbook of Industry Studies and Economic Geography](#) - Frank Giarratani 2013-12-27

This unique Handbook examines the impacts on, and responses to, economic geography explicitly from the perspective of the behaviour, mechanics, systems and experiences of different firms in various types of industries. The industry

studies approach all

*Economic Studies (Routledge Revivals)* - David P. Levine 2013-01-11

First published in 1977, David Levine's *Economic Studies* offers a critique and reconstruction of the theoretical conception of economic life. The premise of the study is that only an investigation of the system of elementary economic relations - value, capital, production - can overcome the confusion and misdirection which baffles progress in all areas of economic theory, and lay the foundation for further development of economic science. Levine discusses both the origins of economic science and the character of contemporary economic thought. He presents a critique of the ideas of classical political economy and of the notion of a 'labor theory of value' which excludes the possibility of a science of economic relations.

**Humanomics** - Vernon L. Smith 2018-11-30

While neo-classical analysis works well for studying impersonal exchange in markets, it fails

to explain why people conduct themselves the way they do in their personal relationships with family, neighbors, and friends. In *Humanomics*, Nobel Prize-winning economist Vernon L. Smith and his long-time co-author Bart J. Wilson bring their study of economics full circle by returning to the founder of modern economics, Adam Smith. Sometime in the last 250 years, economists lost sight of the full range of human feeling, thinking, and knowing in everyday life. Smith and Wilson show how Adam Smith's model of sociality can re-humanize twenty-first century economics by undergirding it with sentiments, fellow feeling, and a sense of propriety - the stuff of which human relationships are built.

Integrating insights from *The Theory of Moral Sentiments* and *The Wealth of Nations* into contemporary empirical analysis, this book shapes economic betterment as a science of human beings.

**Studies in Social Economics** - Léon Walras 2010-04-25

Leon Walras (1834-1910) is one of most important economists in the history of the science. This book is a complete English translation of his "Aetudes d'economie sociale" (1896), in which he presents the essence of his normative economic ideas.

The Economist - 1912

Studies in the Economic History of the Middle East - M. A. Cook 2015-12-22

First Published in 2004. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

**Macroeconomic Inequality from Reagan to Trump** - Lance Taylor 2020-07-31

For five decades, rising US income and wealth inequality has been driven by wage repression and production realignments benefitting the top one percent of households. In this inaugural book for Cambridge Studies in New Economic Thinking, Professor Lance Taylor takes an innovative approach to measuring inequality, providing the first and only full integration of

distributional and macro level data for the US. While work by Thomas Piketty and colleagues pursues integration from the income side, Professor Taylor uses data of distributions by size of income and wealth combined with the cost and demand sides, flows of funds, and full balance sheet accounting of real capital and financial claims. This blends measures of inequality with national income and product accounts to show the relationship between productivity and wages at the industry sector level. Taylor assesses the scope and nature of various interventions to reduce income and wealth inequalities using his simulation model, disentangling wage growth and productivity while challenging mainstream models.

**The Provocative Joan Robinson** - Nahid Aslanbeigui 2009-05-01

One of the most original and prolific economists of the twentieth century, Joan Robinson (1903-83) is widely regarded as the most important woman in the history of economic

thought. Robinson studied economics at Cambridge University, where she made a career that lasted some fifty years. She was an unlikely candidate for success at Cambridge. A young woman in 1930 in a university dominated by men, she succeeded despite not having a remarkable academic record, a college fellowship, significant publications, or a powerful patron. In *The Provocative Joan Robinson*, Nahid Aslanbeigui and Guy Oakes trace the strategies and tactics Robinson used to create her professional identity as a Cambridge economist in the 1930s, examining how she recruited mentors and advocates, carefully defined her objectives, and deftly pursued and exploited opportunities. Aslanbeigui and Oakes demonstrate that Robinson's professional identity was thoroughly embedded in a local scientific culture in which the Cambridge economists A. C. Pigou, John Maynard Keynes, Dennis Robertson, Piero Sraffa, Richard Kahn (Robinson's closest friend on the Cambridge

faculty), and her husband Austin Robinson were important figures. Although the economists Joan Robinson most admired—Pigou, Keynes, and their mentor Alfred Marshall—had discovered ideas of singular greatness, she was convinced that each had failed to grasp the essential theoretical significance of his own work. She made it her mission to recast their work both to illuminate their major contributions and to redefine a Cambridge tradition of economic thought. Based on the extensive correspondence of Robinson and her colleagues, *The Provocative Joan Robinson* is the story of a remarkable woman, the intellectual and social world of a legendary group of economists, and the interplay between ideas, ambitions, and disciplinary communities.

*Studies in Economic Rationality* - Klaus Weiermair 1990

Explores the X-efficiency paradigm in relation to the theory of the firm

**Political Events and Economic Ideas -**

European Society for the History of Economic Thought. Conference 2004

The influence of political developments on the evolution of economic thought is the main theme behind this book. As the authors reveal throughout the book, history has shown many times that political events can trigger the formulation of new economic conceptions that in turn influence the future economic development of a country. The papers are arranged into five main areas of interest: monetary theory and policy economic crisis in France and the emergence of the physiocratic school the co-evolution of political ideas and economic thought in different countries and periods in Europe continuity and discontinuity in Russian economic thought attempted economic solutions to the problems posed by the Great Depression and the associated political transformation. Political Events and Economic Ideas will hold great appeal and interest for researchers and scholars of political thought, as well as historians of

economic thought worldwide.

**Preliminary Economic Studies of the War - 1919**

*Staff Studies for the World Economic Outlook, 1997 - International Monetary Fund 1998-01-16*

These studies provide supporting material for the analysis and scenarios in the World Economic Outlook.

Institutions and European Trade - Sheilagh Ogilvie 2011-03-17

What was the role of merchant guilds in the medieval and early modern economy? Does their wide prevalence and long survival mean they were efficient institutions that benefited the whole economy? Or did merchant guilds simply offer an effective way for the rich and powerful to increase their wealth, at the expense of outsiders, customers and society as a whole? These privileged associations of businessmen were key institutions in the European economy from 1000 to 1800. Historians debate merchant

guilds' role in the Commercial Revolution, economists use them to support theories about institutions and development, and policymakers view them as prime examples of social capital, with important lessons for modern economies. Sheilagh Ogilvie's magisterial new history of commercial institutions shows how scrutinizing merchant guilds can help us understand which types of institution made trade grow, why institutions exist, and how corporate privileges affect economic efficiency and human well-being.

**Development Centre Studies Chinese Economic Performance in the Long Run, 960-2030 AD, Second Edition, Revised and Updated** - Maddison Angus 2007-09-28

This book uses a comparative approach to explain why China's role in the world economy has changed so dramatically in the last thousand years. This edition has been revised and updated and Chapter 4 is new. It concludes that China will resume its role as the world's largest

economy by 2015.

**The Laws and Economics of Confucianism** -

Taisu Zhang 2017-10-12

Zhang argues that property institutions in preindustrial China and England were a cause of China's lagging development in preindustrial times.

*Studies in Economic Relations of Women* - Women's Educational and Industrial Union (Boston, Mass.). Department of Research 1917

*Selected Cliometric Studies on German Economic History* - John Komlos 1997

Wirtschaftsgeschichtliche Forschung kann nur interdisziplinär betrieben werden und ihre Aufgabe der Vertiefung unseres Verständnisses von sozio-ökonomischen Prozessen und deren Interaktion mit politischen Entwicklungen erfüllen, wenn ökonomische Theorie vernünftig angewendet wird. Zwei amerikanische Wissenschaftler, Douglas North und Robert Fogel, wurden 1993 mit dem

Nobelpreis fuer Wirtschaftswissenschaften fuer ihre Pionierarbeit in Kliometrie, der Verbindung von  $\diamond$ konomie und Geschichte, ausgezeichnet. In Nordamerika ist der Paradigmenwechsel vollst $\diamond$ ndig vollzogen: Kliometrie ist bereits eine  $\diamond$ normale Wissenschaft $\diamond$ . Der vorliegende Band, vornehmlich von amerikanischen Gelehrten mit wirtschaftswissenschaftlichem Sachverstand geschrieben, liefert der deutschen akademischen Gemeinschaft wenig bekannte, jedoch bahnbrechende Artikel. .

**Studies in the History of Public Economics** - Gilbert Faccarello 2014-06-17

Many important economic and political debates today refer to the nature and the role of the State: should governments intervene in the economy and interfere with the operation of markets? In which occasions, and how? In order to better understand these questions and the controversies they have raised, this book re-considers the debates crucial for the issues at stake, the most important schools of thought,

and the central concepts in an historical perspective. After a tribute to Sir Alan Peacock and the first publication of two hitherto unpublished papers written in the 1950s, the chapters focus on important developments that occurred in Europe during the 19th and early 20th centuries. The final part includes contributions on public economics after World War II, focusing on concepts such as merit goods, externalities and the "Coase theorem". This book was originally published as a special issue of The European Journal of the History of Economic Thought.

**Economics, Politics and Social Studies in Oxford, 1900-85** - Sir Norman Chester 1986-06-18

**The Hidden Rules of Race** - Andrea Flynn 2017-09-08

This book explores the racial rules that are often hidden but perpetuate vast racial inequities in the United States.

Studies in Economics and Political Science -

Various Authors 2022-07-30

This 13-volume collection originally published between 1929 and 1982 contains a selection of titles from the fields of economics and political science. Many individual titles focus on Britain and include topics such as democracy; environmental planning; foreign policy; legislation; microeconomics; national income; and the welfare state. The earliest title looks at the nature of nationality, and two further titles look at politics in France. This set will be an

insight for those interested in the history of either field.

Development Centre Studies Chinese Economic Performance in the Long Run - Maddison Angus  
1998-09-25

The study provides a major reassessment of the scale and scope of China's resurgence over the past half century, employing quantitative measurement techniques which are standard practice in OECD countries, but which have not hitherto been available for China.